Table 11. Estimated distribution of disease categories among adults and adolescents with HIV/AIDS, by year of diagnosis and selected characteristics, 2001—33 states with confidential name-based HIV infection reporting

	HIV without AIDS <sup>a</sup> No. (%)	HIV to AIDS <sup>b</sup>	HIV with AIDS <sup>c</sup> No. (%)
		No. (%)	
Sex			
Male	17,548 (61.5)	4,390 (15.4)	6,618 (23.2)
Female	8,330 (68.0)	1,708 (13.9)	2,209 (18.0)
Age as of end of year (yrs)			
13–14	39 (72.5)	7 (12.3)	8 (15.2)
15–24	3,507 (82.6)	409 (9.6)	330 (7.8)
25–34	7,752 (68.3)	1,584 (14.0)	2,011 (17.7)
35–44	9,098 (60.9)	2,285 (15.3)	3,545 (23.7)
45–54	4,107 (55.3)	1,301 (17.5)	2,014 (27.1)
55–64	1,063 (49.8)	388 (18.2)	685 (32.1)
<u>≥</u> 65	313 (46.6)	124 (18.5)	234 (34.9)
Fransmission category			
Male adult or adolescent			
Male-to-male sexual contact	10,559 (63.7)	2,402 (14.5)	3,628 (21.9)
Injection drug use	2,963 (57.4)	849 (16.5)	1,350 (26.1)
Male-to-male sexual contact and injection drug use	939 (61.7)	233 (15.3)	350 (23.0)
Heterosexual contact <sup>d</sup>	2,997 (59.0)	865 (17.0)	1,220 (24.0)
Other <sup>e</sup>	90 (44.8)	40 (20.2)	70 (35.0)
Female adult or adolescent			
Injection drug use	1,913 (66.7)	391 (13.6)	566 (19.7)
Heterosexual contact <sup>d</sup>	6,306 (68.7)	1,281 (14.0)	1,585 (17.3)
Other <sup>e</sup>	112 (54.1)	36 (17.7)	58 (28.2)
Race/ethnicity			
White, not Hispanic	7,175 (64.2)	1,505 (13.5)	2,496 (22.3)
Black, not Hispanic	13,416 (63.1)	3,351 (15.8)	4,501 (21.2)
Hispanic	4,779 (62.7)	1,151 (15.1)	1,691 (22.2)
Asian/Pacific Islander	167 (63.2)	37 (14.1)	60 (22.6)
American Indian/Alaska Native	101 (59.0)	27 (16.1)	42 (24.9)
Jnknown	240 (79.0)	26 (8.7)	37 (12.3)
Total <sup>f</sup>	25,878 (63.4)	6,098 (14.9)	8,827 (21.6)

*Note*. These numbers do not represent actual cases in persons with a diagnosis of HIV infection or AIDS. Rather, these numbers are point estimates of case counts that have been adjusted for reporting delays and for redistribution of cases in persons initially reported without an identified risk factor. The estimates have not been adjusted for incomplete reporting.

Since 2000, the following states have had laws or regulations requiring confidential name-based HIV infection reporting: Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Florida, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming. Since July 1997, Florida has had confidential name-based HIV infection reporting for new diagnoses only.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> For at least 12 months after HIV diagnosis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> AIDS diagnosed 1–12 months after HIV diagnosis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> HIV and AIDS diagnosed during the same calendar month.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> With person at high risk or with a diagnosis of HIV infection or AIDS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Includes hemophilia, blood transfusion, perinatal exposure, and risk factor not reported or identified.

f Because column totals were calculated independently of the values for the subpopulations, the values in each column may not sum to the column total